

AB The loss of pendimethalin in runoff water was determined on sandy-clay-loam soil plots cultivated with tobacco in relation with the use of ammonium nitrate limestone as fertilizer. The surface slope of plots was 11% and the use of fertilizer decreased the soil erosion from 617 to 320 g/m². The runoff of surface water was 16-24% of the rainfall. Reduction in pendimethalin in waterways results from water loss by infiltration, sediment loss, and by adsorption on vegetation and organic matter. Surface runoff levels were highest for the first runoff event after herbicide application, 1.5 g/10 m² and initial concns. were related to the time lapse between herbicide application and the first run-off event. Maximum concns. were 8.54 µg/L. Persistence studies showed that pendimethalin concentration in runoff from 0.5 cm soil layer decreased by 88.2%, from 2.46 to 0.29 µg/g within 233 days and by 87.6%, from 2.42 to 0.30 µg/g within 235 days. After 310 day the concentration of pendimethalin was only 0.1 µg/g.

L23 ANSWER 13 OF 69 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:716898 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:111070
 TITLE: Granular fertilizer containing prodiamines
 INVENTOR(S): Koko, Toshuki; Matsumoto, Naoki; Baba, Masanori;
 Kawashima, Mitsuo; Tada, Fumiko; Ooiwamoto, Masaki;
 Hayakawa, Norihito
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Chemical Ind Ltd, Japan; Sds Biotech Corp
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07109193	A	19950425	JP 1993-280476	19931014 <--
JP 3401622	B2	20030428		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-280476 19931014 <--
 AB Fertilizer granules are impregnated with solution containing herbicidal 5-dipropylamino-α,α,α-trifluoro-4,6-dinitro-o-toluidine and mixed with white carbon. In the manufacturing process, the granules do not create problems of dusting and caking. Drying process is not needed.

L23 ANSWER 14 OF 69 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:716897 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:111069
 TITLE: Granular fertilizer containing pesticides
 INVENTOR(S): Koko, Toshuki; Matsumoto, Naoki; Baba, Masanori;
 Kawashima, Mitsuo; Tada, Fumiko; Ooiwamoto, Masaki;
 Hayakawa, Norihito
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Chemical Ind Ltd, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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10/718,052

JP 07109192 A 19950425 JP 1993-257123 19931014 <--
JP 3389650 B2 20030324

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-257123 19931014 <--

AB Fertilizer granules are impregnated or coated with solution containing pesticide 5-dipropylamino- α,α,α -trifluoro-4,6-dinitro-o-toluidine or S,S'-dimethyl-2-difluoromethyl-4-isobutyl-6-trifluoromethylpyridine-3,5-dicarbothioate, and mixed with white carbon. In the manufacturing process, the granules do not create problems of dusting and caking. Drying process is eliminated.

L23 ANSWER 15 OF 69 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:543691 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:289898

TITLE: Ammonium sulfate fertilizer impregnated with liquid herbicides of different compositions and the method of impregnation

INVENTOR(S): Fischbein, Milton; Carrothers, Daniel H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incitec, Ltd., Australia

SOURCE: Can., 30 pp.
CODEN: CAXXA4

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CA 1333224	C	19941129	CA 1988-584340	19881128 <--
			US 1987-126919	A 19871130 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1987-126919 A 19871130 <--

AB The present invention relates to processes for impregnating a fertilizer with liquid agricultural treatment compns., and to fertilizers impregnated with liquid agricultural treatment compns. More specifically, the present invention relates to the impregnation of a fertilizer with previously unattainable amts. of a liquid agricultural chems., such as herbicides, and the resulting herbicide-impregnated fertilizers are described. The fertilizer composition contained free-flowing granular ammonium sulfate, having a Pfizer hardness of > 5.0 lbs. and a pH ≤ 4.0, and being impregnated with a liquid or emulsifiable herbicide. The emulsifiable concs. were selected from the group consisting of Avadex BW® (triallate), Edge EC® (ethafluralin), EPTC, EPTC + R-25788 + R-33865, Butylate, Butylate + R-25788, cyanazine, trifluralin, pendimethalin, metribuzin, 2,4-D, atrazine, and mixts. thereof.

L23 ANSWER 16 OF 69 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:598517 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:198517

TITLE: Trisert-CB (26-0-0-0.5B) fertilizer solution as a carrier for insecticides.

AUTHOR(S): Clapp, J. G. Jr.; Parham, T. M. Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE: AFE Consulting, Greensboro, NC, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings - Beltwide Cotton Conferences (1994), (VOL. 2), 951-2

CODEN: POCEN; ISSN: 1059-2644

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Seven liquid insecticides mixed with Trisert-CB (fertilizer solution containing triazole N and B) in the lab showed phase separation, but the blend could be re-established with min. separation. Trisert-CB showed better phys. compatibility with insecticides than urea. In the field, Trisert-CB was